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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/557,742	11/21/2005	Shin Ishimaru	050770	2296
23850 KRATZ, QUIN	7590 10/29/200 ITOS & HANSON, LL	•	EXAM	INER
	1420 K Street, N.W.		STEWART, JASON-DENNIS NEILKEN	
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20005	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4138	
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	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/29/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		ISHIMARU ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	10/557,742		
Office Action Cummary	Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAIL INC DATE of this communication on	Jason-Dennis Stewart	4138	droop
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence ad-	aress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 136(a). In no event, however, may a rep will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH e, cause the application to become ABAI	ATION. ly be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this condition (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 h	May 2006.		
	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ince except for formal matter	s, prosecution as to the	merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application	1.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar .		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 November 2005</u> is/a		biected to by the Exam	iner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			R 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in App	lication No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been re	ceived in this National	Stage
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not re	ceived.	
Attacher out (a)			
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Then iow Sun	nmary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/I	Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		rmal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>21 November 2005</u> .	6)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andersen et al. 6,146,416 i.v., Hyodoh et al. 7,018,401.
- 3. Re Claim 1, Andersen teaches a first expandable stent body 190, a first tapered portion 180, a middle strut 170, a second tapered section 160, a second expandable stent body 150, a third tapered section 140, and a strut in a contracted position 130 all in series (fig. 1c). However, Andersen does not teach the following claimed limitation: formed by twisting at least one filament in a spiral fashion.

Hyodah teaches a stent formed by twisting at least one filament in a spiral fashion (fig. 1a, fig. 9)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Andersen i.v. Hyodah in order to create a self-expandable, woven device to be used as a stent as taught by Hyodah (abstract).

4. Re Claim 2, Andersen teaches the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Andersen does not teach the following claimed limitation: the strut formed by twisting at least one filament in a spiral fashion.

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Hyodah teaches the strut formed by twisting at least one filament in a spiral fashion (fig. 1a, fig. 9)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Andersen i.v., Hyodah in order to create a self-expandable, woven device to be used as a stent as taught by Hyodah (abstract).

5. Re Claim 3, Andersen teaches the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Andersen does not teach the following claimed limitation: strut being a rodshaped body of polyurethane.

Hyodah teaches covering strut with polyurethane (col.11, II. 23-25). Covering the strut body with polyurethane would create a rod shaped polyurethane body.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Andersen i.v., Hyodah in order to create a self-expandable, woven device to be used as a stent as taught by Hyodah (abstract).

- 6. Re Claims 4-6 Andersen teaches a NITINOL filament (col. 6, l. 60).
- 7. Re Claim 7, Andersen teaches a stainless steel filament (col. 6, l. 60).
- 8. Re Claim 8, Andersen teaches a polyester filament (col. 6, I. 61).
- 9. Re Claim 9, Andersen i.v., Hyodah teaches the device of claim 1, however,
 Andersen i.v., Hyodah does not positively recite the claimed ranges. It has been held,
 "the normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is already generally
 known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage
 ranges is the optimum combination of percentages", in re Peterson. See MPEP

 2144.05, section II, part A.

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10. Re Claim 10, Andersen teaches a catheter (col. 1, Il. 23-31).

11. Re Claim 11, Andersen teaches the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Andersen does not teach the following claimed limitation: graft material.

Hyodah teaches covering a substantially cylindrical stent with graft material (abstract). This would render the graft cylindrical in shape.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Andersen i.v., Hyodah in order to create a self-expandable, woven device to be used as a stent as taught by Hyodah (abstract).

- 12. Re Claim 15, Andersen teaches a catheter (col. 1, ll. 23-31).
- 13. Claims 12-14 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andersen et al. 6,146,416 i.v., Hyodoh et al. 7,018,401 further i.v., White et al. 5,782,904.
- 14. Re Claims 12 and 14, Andersen i.v., Hyodah teaches the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However Andersen i.v., Hyodah does not teach the following claimed limitation: sutures.

White teaches sutures to adhere graft material to a wire frame (col. 3, Il. 17-20).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Andersen i.v., Hyodah further i.v., White in order to form an intraluminal graft including a tubular graft body as taught by White (abstract).

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Conclusion.

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure, as per the Notice of References Cited.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason-Dennis Stewart whose telephone number is (571)270-3080. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (alt Fridays off) 7:30-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ehud Gartenberg can be reached on (571)272-4828. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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JS

11/18/07

EHUD GARTENBERG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

1/23/07